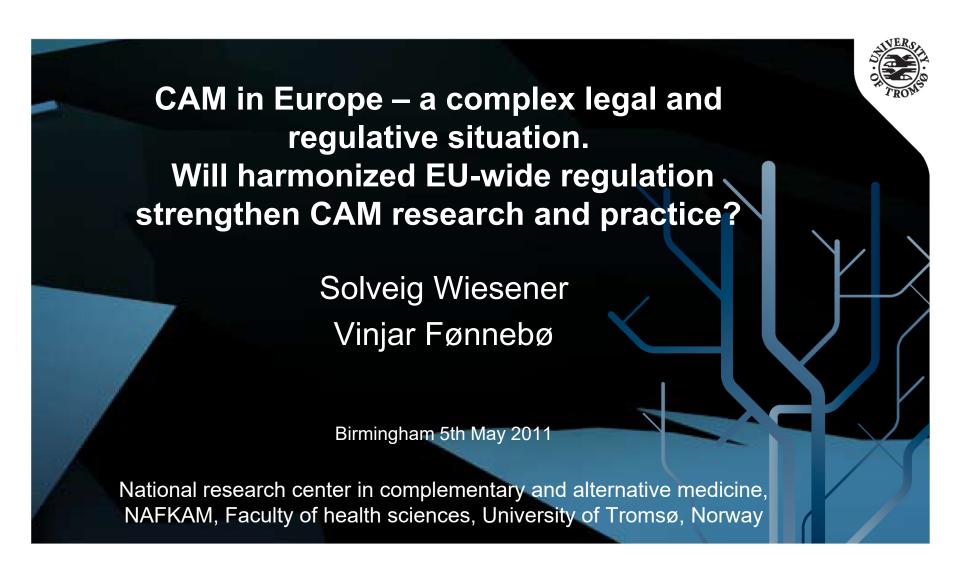
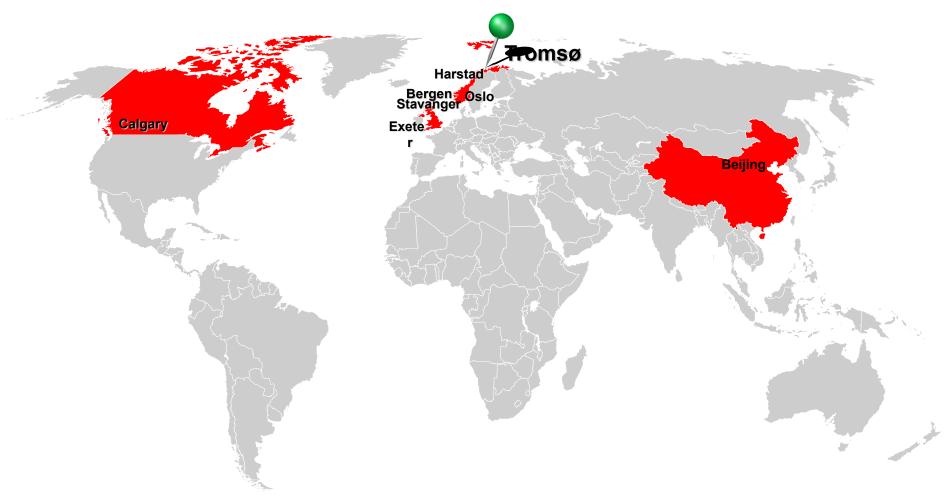
UNIVERSITY OF TROMSØ UIT







NAFKAM - Employees

Located in Tromsø – North of the Polar Circle



NAFKAM – National research center in complementary and alternative medicine



- WHO Collaborating Centre for Traditional Medicine from 2008.
- The Registry of Exceptional Courses of Disease is a Scandinavian registry run by NAFKAM.
- The Norway-China collaboration. NAFKAM administers the scientific and professional aspects of TCM.
- NIFAB The National CAM Information Bank. A research based database about CAM, launched in May 2007.



CAMbrella – WP 2 Legal status and regulations

In 39 European states:

- Legal and regulatory status of CAM and CAM practices
- Governmental supervision of CAM practices
- The reimbursement status of CAM practices and medicinal products
- The regulation of CAM medicinal products

EU

- EU-wide regulation of CAM practices and medicinal products
- The potential obstacles for EU-wide regulation of CAM practices and medicinal products

http://www.cambrella.eu



Discussion and issues for workshop dialogue:

Europe – CAM policies and legislation



Individual countries – CAM policies and legislation

Risk and safety aspects

 How can European patients be secured safe and best quality health treatment?

Professional collaboration and development

CAM research collaboration

EU 1993 12

EU 1995 3

EU 2004 **10**

EU 2007 **2**

EFTA/EEA 3

EFTA 1

FP7/candidate 8

European Union





Patient Rights – information and safety

Patients shall according to The Patients Rights Directive (the Crossborder healthcare Directive -2011) be well informed about :



- Treatment choices
- Reimbursement
- Safety aspects.

Hampered by:

- Diverse CAM-related legislation in Europe
- Diverse CAM terminology
- Education and training of CAM providers
- Treatment definitions

Will harmonization of CAM terminology and legislation contribute to the strengthening of patients' rights to choose health treatment based on documented and comprehensive information?



European countries with CAM legislation

CAM law

20

Treatment law

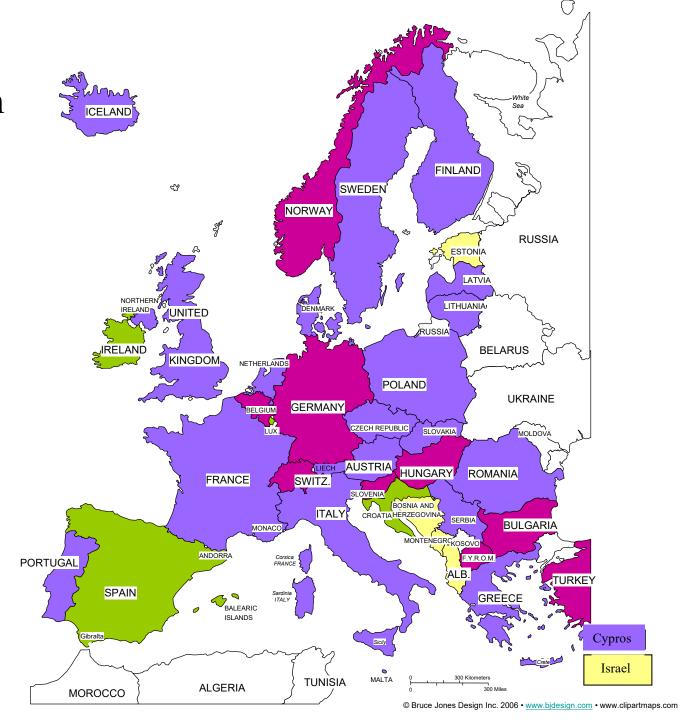
1

No law

4

Info to be checked

5





CAM Treatments

- 1. Homeopathy
- 2. Naturopathy
- 3. Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM)
- 4. Acupuncture
- 5. Ayurveda
- 6. Anthroposophical medicine
- 7. Herbal Medicine/Phytotherapy
- 8. Chiropractic
- 9. Osteopathy
- 10. Naprapathy
- 11. Neuraltheraphy





Comparing 4 European countries

CAM law

Treatment

law

No law

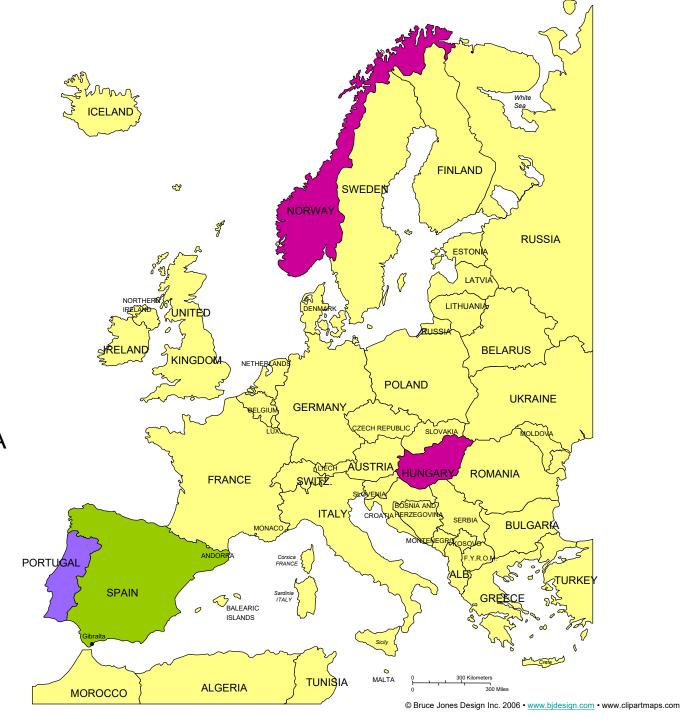
Norway EFTA/EEA

Portugal

Spain EU 1993

эран

Hungary EU 2004





What our work adds to the field





- New states differ from "old" EU member states in regulatory and CAM use tradition
- No harmonization of CAM legislation even in the "old" EU Member states
- EU legislation does not result in harmonization of health and CAM legislation
- Professionals are often regulated, but education is not harmonized
- There is no common European denominator with regard to reimbursement and supervision



CHALLENGES TO BE DISCUSSED

Patients:

- ent
- How can the safety of patients be safeguarded under the current regulatory system in Europe?
- What would the advantages and disadvantages be for patients if CAM were regulated at an EU/EEA level?

Practitioners:

- Is it feasible to facilitate cross-border professional development under the current regulatory system in Europe?
- What would the advantages and disadvantages be for practitioners if CAM were regulated at an EU/EEA level?

Research:

- Is it feasible to facilitate cross-border clinical CAM research under the current regulatory system in Europe?
- What would the advantages and disadvantages be for researchers if CAM were regulated at an EU/EEA level?